Solution 01: Answer: (i) 15 + (-8) = 7(ii) (-16) + 9 = -7(iii) (-7) + (-23) = -30(iv) (-32) + 47 = 15(v) 53 + (-26) = 27 (vi) (-48) + (-36) = -84Solution 02: Answer: (i) 153 + (-302) = -149(ii) 1005 + (-277) = 728 (iii) (-2035) + 297 = -1738(iv) (-489) + (-324) = -813(v) (-1000) + 438 = -562(vi) (-238) + 500 = 262Solution 03: Answer: (i) Additive inverse of -83 = -(-83) = 83(ii) Additive inverse of 256 = -(256) = -256(iii) Additive inverse of 0 = -(0) = 0(iv) Additive inverse of 2001 = -(-2001) = 2001

Solution 04:

```
(i) -42 - 28 = (-42) + (-28) = -70
(ii) 42 - (-36) = 42 + 36 = 78
(iii) -53 - (-37) = (-53) - (-37) = -16
(iv) -34 - (-66) = -34 + 66 = 32
(v) 0 - 318 = -318
(vi) (-240) - (-153) = -87
(vii) 0 - (-64) = 0 + 64 = 64
(viii) 144 - (-56) = 144 + 56 = 200
Solution 05:
Answer:
Sum of -1032 and 878 = -1032 + 878
Subtracting the sum from -34, we get
-34 - (-154)
= (-34) + 154
= 120
Solution 06:
First, we will calculate the sum of 38 and -87.
38 + (-87) = -49
Now, subtracting -134 from the sum, we get:
-49 - (-134)
=(-49) + 134
= 85
Solution 07:
Answer:
(i) -41 (: Associative property)
(ii) -83 (: Associative property)
(iii) 53 (:: Commutative property)
(iv) -76 (∵ Commutative property)
(v) 0 (: Additive identity)
(vi) 83 (: Additive inverse)
(vii) (-60) - (-59) = -1
(viii) (-40) - (-31) = -9
Solution 08:
Answer:
\{-13 - (-27)\} + \{-25 - (-40)\}
= \{-13 + 27\} + \{-25 + 40\}
=14 + 15
= 29
Solution 09:
```

```
36 - (-64) = 36 + 64 = 100
 Now, (-64) - 36 = (-64) + (-36) = -100
 Here. 100 ≠ -100
 Thus, they are not equal.
Solution 10:
Answer:
(a + b) + c = (-8 + (-7)) + 6 = -15 + 6 = -9
a + (b + c) = -8 + (-7 + 6) = -8 + (-1) = -9
Hence, (a + b) + c = a + (b + c) [i.e., Property of Associativity]
Solution 11:
Answer:
Here, (a - b) = -9 - (-6) = -3
Similarly, (b - a) = -6 - (-9) = 3
∴ (a-b) ≠ (b-a)
Solution 12:
Answer:
Let the other integer be a. Then, we have:
53 + a = -16
\Rightarrow a = -16 - 53 = -69
∴ The other integer is -69
Solution 13:
 Answer:
Let the other integer be a
Then, -31 + a = 65
 ⇒ a = 65 - (-31) = 96
.: The other integer is 96.
Solution 14:
Answer:
We have:
a - (-6) = 4
\Rightarrow a = 4 + (-6) = -2
Solution 15:
```

(i) Consider the integers 8 and -8. Then, we have: 8 + (-8) = 0(ii) Consider the integers 2 and (-9). Then, we have 2 + (-9)= -7, which is a negative integer. (iii) Consider the integers -4 and -5. Then, we have: (-4) + (-5) = -9, which is smaller than -4 and -5. (iv) Consider the integers 2 and 6. Then, we have: 2 + 6 = 8, which is greater than both 2 and 6. (v) Consider the integers 7 and -4. Then, we have: 7 + (-4) = 3, which is smaller than 7 only. Solution 16: Answer: (i) F (false). -3, -90 and -100 are also integers. We cannot determine the smallest integer, since they are infinite. (ii) F (false). -10 is less than -7. (iii) T (true). All negative integers are less than zero. (iv) T (true). (v) F (false). Example: -9 + 2 = -7

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Solution 01

Answer:

```
(i) 16 \times 9 = 144

(ii) 18 \times (-6) = -(18 \times 6) = -108

(iii) 36 \times (-11) = -(36 \times 11) = -396

(iv) (-28) \times 14 = -(28 \times 14) = -392

(v) (-53) \times 18 = -(53 \times 18) = -954

(vi) (-35) \times 0 = 0

(vii) 0 \times (-23) = 0

(viii) (-16) \times (-12) = 192

(ix) (-105) \times (-8) = 840

(x) (-36) \times (-50) = 1800

(xi) (-28) \times (-1) = 28

(xii) 25 \times (-11) = -(25 \times 11) = -275
```

Solution 02

Answer:

```
(i) 3 \times 4 \times (-5) = (12) \times (-5) = -60

(ii) 2 \times (-5) \times (-6) = (-10) \times (-6) = 60

(iii) (-5) \times (-8) \times (-3) = (-5) \times (24) = -120

(iv) (-6) \times 6 \times (-10) = 6 \times (60) = 360

(v) 7 \times (-8) \times 3 = 21 \times (-8) = -168

(vi) (-7) \times (-3) \times 4 = 21 \times 4 = 84
```

Solution 03

- (i) Since the number of negative integers in the product is even, the product will be positive.
 (4) × (5) × (8) × (10) = 1600
- (ii) Since the number of negative integers in the product is odd, the product will be negative.
 −(6) × (5) × (7) × (2) × (3) = −1260
- (iii) Since the number of negative integers in the product is even, the product will be positive. $(60) \times (10) \times (5) \times (1) = 3000$
- (iv) Since the number of negative integers in the product is odd, the product will be negative. $-(30) \times (20) \times (5) = -3000$
- (v) Since the number of negative integers in the product is even, the product will be positive. $(-3)^6 = 729$
- (vi) Since the number of negative integers in the product is odd, the product will be negative. $(-5)^5 = -3125$
- (vii) Since the number of negative integers in the product is even, the product will be positive. $(-1)^{200}$ = 1
- (viii) Since the number of negative integers in the product is odd, the product will be negative. $(-1)^{171} = -1$

Solution 04

Answer:

Multiplying 90 negative integers will yield a positive sign as the number of integers is even. Multiplying any two or more positive integers always gives a positive integer.

The product of both(the above two cases) the positive and negative integers is also positive. Therefore, the final product will have a positive sign.

Solution 05

Multiplying 103 negative integers will yield a negative integer, whereas 65 positive integers will give a positive integer.

The product of a negative integer and a positive integer is a negative integer.

Solution 06

Solution 07

Answer:

```
(i) (-8) \times (9 + 7) [using the distributive law]
= (-8) \times 16 = -128
(ii) 9 \times (-13 + (-7)) [using the distributive law]
= 9 \times (-20) = -180
(iii) 20 \times (-16 + 14) [using the distributive law]
= 20 \times (-2) = -40
(iv) (-16) \times (-15 + (-5)) [using the distributive law]
= (-16) \times (-20) = 320
(v) (-11) \times (-15 + (-25)) [using the distributive law]
= (-11) \times (-40)
= 440
(vi) (-12) \times (10 + 5) [using the distributive law]
= (-12) \times 15 = -180
(vii) (-16 + (-4)) \times (-8) [using the distributive law]
= (-20) \times (-8) = 160
(viii) (-26) \times (72 + 28) [using the distributive law]
= (-26) \times 100 = -2600
```

```
(i) (-6) \times (x) = 6
x = 6-6 = -66 = -1
Thus, x = (-1)
(ii) 1 [∵ Multiplicative identity]
(iii) (-8) [∵ Commutative law]
(iv) 7 [∵ Commutative law]
(v) (-5) [∵ Associative law]
(vi) 0 [∵ Property of zero]
Solution 08
Answer:
We have 5 marks for correct answer and (-2) marks for an incorrect answer.
Now, we have the following:
(i) Ravi's score = 4 \times 5 + 6 \times (-2)
= 20 + (-12) = 8
(ii) Reenu's score = 5 \times 5 + 5 \times (-2)
= 25 - 10 = 15
(iii) Heena's score = 2 \times 5 + 5 \times (-2)
= 10 - 10 = 0
Solution 09
Answer:
(i) True.
(ii) False. Since the number of negative signs is even, the product will be a positive integer.
(iii) True. The number of negative signs is odd.
(iv) False. a \times (-1) = -a, which is not the multiplicative inverse of a.
(v) True. a \times b = b \times a
(vi) True. (a \times b) \times c = a \times (b \times c)
(vii) False. Every non-zero integer a has a multiplicative inverse 1a, which is not an integer.
```

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Solution 01

Answer:

(i)
$$65 \div (-13) = \frac{65}{-13} = -5$$

(ii) (-84)
$$\div$$
 12 = $\frac{-84}{12}$ = -7

(iii) (-76)
$$\div$$
 19 = $\frac{-76}{19}$ = -4

(iv)
$$(-132) \div 12 = \frac{-132}{12} = -11$$

(v) (-150)
$$\div$$
 25 = $\frac{-150}{25}$ = -6

(vi) (-72) ÷ (-18) =
$$\frac{-72}{-18}$$
 = 4

(vii)
$$(-105) \div (-21) = \frac{-105}{-21} = 5$$

(viii) (-36)
$$\div$$
 (-1) = $\frac{-36}{-1}$ = 36

(ix)
$$0 \div (-31) = \frac{0}{-31} = 0$$

(x)
$$(-63) \div 63 = \frac{-63}{63} = -1$$

(xi)
$$(-23) \div (-23) = \frac{-23}{-23} = 1$$

(Xii) (-8)
$$\div$$
 1 = $\frac{-8}{1}$ = -8

Solution 02

(i)
$$72 + (x) = -4$$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{72}{x} = -4$ $\Rightarrow x = \frac{72}{x} = -4$ $\Rightarrow x = \frac{72}{x} = -18$ (ii) $-36 + (x) = -4$ $\Rightarrow \frac{-36}{x} = -4$ $\Rightarrow x = \frac{-36}{-4} = 9$ (iii) $(x) + (-4) = 24$ $\Rightarrow x = 24 \times (-4) = -96$ (iv) $(x) + 25 = 0$ $\Rightarrow x = 25 \times 0 = 0$ (v) $(x) + (-1) = 36$ $\Rightarrow x = 36 \times (-1) = -36$ (vi) $(x) + 1 = -37$ $\Rightarrow x = 37 \times 1 = -37$ (vii) $39 + (x) = -1$ $\Rightarrow x = -1 \times 39 = -39$ (viii) $1 + (x) = -1$ $\Rightarrow x = -1 \times 1 = -1$ (ix) $-1 + (x) = -1$ $\Rightarrow x = -1 \times 1 = -1$ (ix) $-1 + (x) = -1$ $\Rightarrow x = -1 \times 1 = -1$ Solution O3 (i) True (T). Dividing zero by any integer gives zero. (ii) False (F). $\frac{-5}{-1} = 5$ (iv) True (T). $\frac{-8}{1} = -8$ (v) False (F). $\frac{-1}{-1} = 1$

Integers Exercise 1D

```
Solution 01
Answer:
(c) 14
Given:
6 - (-8)
= 6 + 8
= 14
Solution 02
Answer:
(b) -3
Given:
-9 - (-6)
= -9 + 6
= -3
Solution 03
Answer:
(d) 5
We can see that
-3 + 5 = 2
Hence, 2 exceeds -3 by 5.
Solution 04
Answer:
Let the number to be subtracted be x.
To find the number, we have:
-1 - x = -6
x = -1 + 6 = 5
Solution 05
```

```
We can see that
(-2) - (-6) = (-2) + 6 = 4
Hence, -6 is four (4) less than -2
Solution 06
Answer:
(b) -8
Subtracting 4 from -4, we get:
(-4) - 4 = -8
Solution 07
Answer:
Required number = (-3) - (-5) = 5 - 3 = 2
Solution 08
Answer:
(c) 6
(-3) - x = -9
x = (-3) + 9 = 6
Hence, 6 must be subtracted from -3 to get -9.
Solution 09
Answer:
(c) -11
Subtracting 6 from -5, we get:
(-5) - 6 = -11
Solution 10
Answer:
(c) 5
Subtracting -13 from -8, we get:
(-8) - (-13)
= -8 + 13
Solution 11
Answer:
(a) 4
(-36) \div (-9) = 4
Here, the negative signs in both the numerator and denominator got cancelled with each other.
Solution 12
Answer:
Dividing zero by any integer gives zero as the result.
Solution 13
Answer:
(c) not defined
Dividing any integer by zero is not defined.
Solution 14
Answer:
(b) -11 < -8
Negative integers decrease with increasing magnitudes.
```

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```
Answer:
(b) 9
Let the other integer be a. Then, we have:
-3 + a = 6
.: a = 6 - (-3) = 9
Solution 16
 Answer:
(a) -10
Let the other integer be a. Then, we have:
.: a = -4 - 6 = -10
Hence, the other integer is -10
Solution 17
Answer:
(a) 22
Let the other integer be a. Then, we have:
-8 + a = 14
a = 14 + 8 = 22
Hence, the other integer is 22
Solution 18
Answer:
(c) 6
The additive inverse of any integer a is -a.
Thus, the additive inverse of -6 is 6.
Solution 19
Answer:
(b) -150
We have (-15) \times 8 + (-15) \times 2
= (-15) \times (8 + 2) [Associative property]
= -150
Solution 20
Answer:
(b) -24
We have (-12) \times 6 - (-12) \times 4
= (-12) \times (6 - 4) [Associative property]
= -24
Solution 21
Answer:
(b) 810
(-27) \times (-16) + (-27) \times (-14)
= (-27) \times (-16 + (-14)) [Associative property]
=(-27) \times (-30)
= 810
Solution 22
Answer:
(a) -270
30 × (-23) + 30 × 14
= 30 \times (-23 + 14) [Associative property]
= 30 \times (-9)
= -270
Solution 23
```

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(c) 152
Let the other integer be a. Then, we have: -59 + a = 93 $\therefore a = 93 + 59 = 152$ Solution 24
Answer:
(b) 90 $x \div \left(-18\right) = -5$ $\Rightarrow \frac{x}{-18} = -5$ $\therefore x = -18 \times -5 = 90$