# CHART - 1 > Preparations of Gases - Hydrogen

## **HYDROGEN**

#### NATURE

Neutral gas, which is colourless, odourless, tasteless & non-toxic.

#### DENSITY

1000 ml. of gas at S.T.P. weighs 0.09 g. Hydrogen is the lightest gas known.

#### SOLUBILITY

100 vols. of water dissolves about 2 vols. at S.T.P. Hydrogen is slightly soluble in water.

# • PREPARATION - General methods & Laboratory preparation

## General methods from - water

- From cold water - reaction highly exothermic.

$$2Na + 2H_2O \rightarrow 2NaOH + H_2$$

- From boiling water or steam

Mg	+	H <sub>2</sub> O	$\rightarrow$	MgO	+	H <sub>2</sub>
Zn	+	H <sub>2</sub> O	>	ZnO	+	$H_2$
3Fe	+	4H <sub>2</sub> O	=	Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	+	4H <sub>2</sub>

### - General methods from - acids

Mg	+	2HCl [dil.]	$\rightarrow$	MgCl <sub>2</sub>	+	H <sub>2</sub>
2A1	+	3H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> [dil.]	>	$Al_2(SO_4)_3$	+	3H,

## - General methods from - alkalies

Zn	+	2KOH	$\rightarrow$	$K_2ZnO_2$	+	H <sub>2</sub>
Pb	+	2NaOH	>	Na <sub>2</sub> PbO <sub>2</sub>	+	$H_2$
2A1	+ 2Na	$OH + 2H_2O$	$\rightarrow$	2NaAlO <sub>2</sub>	+	$3H_2$

# - Laboratory preparation - from granulated zinc and dil. HCl

$$Zn + 2HCl [dil.] \rightarrow ZnCl_2 + H_2$$

*Removal of impurities* – Impurities obtained are remove by passage through – washer bottles containing  $AgNO_3$ ,  $Pb(NO_3)_2$  & KOH solutions to remove – arsine, hydrogen sulphide &  $NO_2$ ,  $CO_2$ ,  $SO_2$  impurities respectively.

Collection of gas - Downward displacement of water.

# • PREPARATION - Industrial method - Bosch Process

## - STEP I - Production of water gas

$$\begin{array}{cccc} C & + & H_2O & \xrightarrow{1000^{\circ}C} & CO + H_2 - \Delta \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\ [coke] & & & & & & & & & & & \\ [coke] & & & & & & & & & & & \\ [coke] & & & & & & & & & & \\ [coke] & & & & & & & & & & \\ [coke] & & & & & & & & & \\ [coke] & & & & & & & & & \\ [coke] & & & & & & & & \\ [coke] & & & & & & & & \\ [coke] & & & & & & & \\ [coke] & & \\ [coke] & & \\ [coke] & & & \\ [coke] & & \\ [coke]$$

# - STEP II - Reduction of steam to hydrogen

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
CO + H_2 & + & H_2O & \xrightarrow{450^{\circ}C} & CO_2 + 2H_2 + \Delta \\
\text{[water gas]} & & \text{[steam]} & & & & & & & & \\
\end{array}$$

# - STEP III - Recovery of hydrogen from the above mixture

- Removal of CO<sub>2</sub> By dissolving above mixture in water under pressure or in caustic potash soln.
- Removal of CO By dissolving in ammoniacal cuprous chloride.

# Reference Chart - Preparations of Gases [Contd.]

	GASES	NATURE	DENSITY [V. D. of air = 14.4]	SOLUBILITY [in water]	LABORATORY PREPARATION
1.	NITROGEN	110000	V. D. = 14  – Almost as heavy as air.	water dissolves about 2.3 vols. at 30°C Slightly soluble.	<ul> <li>NH<sub>4</sub>Cl + NaNO<sub>2</sub> → NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> + NaCl Sodium nitrite</li> <li>NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> → 2H<sub>2</sub>O + N<sub>2</sub></li> <li>Collection of gas - Downward displacement of water</li> </ul>
2.	OXYGEN	Neutral Colourless Odourless Tasteless Non-toxic	V. D. = 16 - 1.1 times denser than air.	100 vols. of water dissolves about 4 vols. at S.T.P.  - Slightly soluble.	<ul> <li>2H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> → 2H<sub>2</sub>O + O<sub>2</sub> Hydrogen peroxide</li> <li>2KClO<sub>3</sub> → 2KCl +3O<sub>2</sub> Potassium chlorate</li> <li>2Na<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>+2H<sub>2</sub>O → 4NaOH + O<sub>2</sub> Sodium peroxide</li> <li>Collection of gas - Downward displacement of water</li> </ul>
3.	CHLORINE	Acidic Greenish yellow Choking odour Sour Taste Poisonous		1 vol. of water dissolves about 2.7 vols. at 15°C Fairly soluble.	• $MnO_2$ + $4HCl \xrightarrow{\Delta} MnCl_2$ + $2H_2O$ + $Cl_2$ [conc.]  Collection of gas - Upward displacement of air
4	CARBON MONOXIDE	Neutral Colourless Odourless Tasteless Poisonous	V. D. = 14 - Almost as heavy as air.	100 vols. of water dissolves about 3.5 vols. at 0°C.  - Slightly soluble	• COOH $\xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4}$ CO + CO <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> O
11/	5. CARBON DIOXIDE	Slightly acidic Colourless Odourless Slight sour tast Non-poisonous		1 vol. of water dissolve r. about 1 vol. of gas Fairly soluble.	• $CaCO_3$ + $2HCl \xrightarrow{\Delta} CaCl_2$ + $H_2O$ + $CO_2$ [dil.]  Collection of gas - Upward displacement of air